

## THE INTELLIGENCER.

Published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

## TERMS:

The Daily Intelligencer is Delivered by Carriers in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week. By Mail, Postage Free in the United States.

Daily, One Year	\$5 00
Daily, Six Months	4 00
Daily, Three Months	2 00
Daily, One Month	.65
Semi-Weekly, One Year	2 50
Semi-Weekly, Six Months	1 25
Weekly, One Year	1 00
Weekly, Six Months	.60

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PUBLISHERS.

No. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street, WHEELING, W. VA.

[Entered at the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

## The Intelligencer.

WHEELING, W. VA., MAY 29, 1888.

I am for Cleveland, Free Trade and no Custom Houses.—Henry George.

Mrs. CLEVELAND witnessed the base ball game between Yale and Princeton college nines. Now if Grover could only be prevailed upon to umpire a game, or go into the coacher's box!

A DELEGATE in the Methodist General Conference objected to the consecration of the newly elected Bishops in the Metropolitan Opera House. If the house was good enough to elect them in, is it not proper enough to consecrate them in?

A YOUNG Harvard Freshman resolved to "hit the pipe" just to see how it felt. His first experience was followed by inordinate indulgence which resulted in death. Experience is a dear instructor, but it always teaches a lesson. In this case the moral is obvious.

EX-GOVERNOR GRAY, of Indiana, who is said to be looming up for second place on the Cleveland ticket, is accused, while a Republican and officer in the army, of sacking several Democratic newspaper offices. We don't see anything serious in the charge. He only made "pi" out of dough.

THE Pittsburgh Dispatch prints a sensational telegram from Philadelphia stating that the Democratic ticket decided upon was Cleveland and Thurman. The head may be all right, but there are serious doubts about the tail being willing to wag. We opine that the Old Roman has ceased to roam, and is satisfied to spend the rest of his days in peace—at least he will not bite on the bait of the Vice Presidency.

It was at Blaine's request that Judge Gresham (then General Gresham) was invited to a place in General Garfield's cabinet. The invitation was declined on account of his wife's illness. Afterwards he was similarly invited by President Arthur to his cabinet, and accepted the place of Postmaster General, subsequently becoming Secretary of the Treasury. One of the strongest speeches made in advocacy of Mr. Blaine's election was made during the canvass by Secretary Gresham.

THE National Reform Association, at its meeting a few days ago, issued a statement showing its objects, which, among other things, were defined to be greater economy and simplicity in burials. They seek to secure "reasonable, reverent, Christian burial in its religious, sanitary and pecuniary aspects," and to this end recommend—

The use of plain hearers.  
The disuse of crapes, scarfs, feathers, velvet trappings and the like.  
The avoiding of all unchristian and heathen emblems, and the use of floral decorations beyond a few cut flowers.

The use of only such materials for coffins as will rapidly decay after burial.

In another column Mr. Carskadon says the INTELLIGENCER did not properly construe his letter concerning the Preston county Prohibition vote. The only point the INTELLIGENCER sought to make was that Mr. Grandon and some other Prohibitionists were wrong in alleging that the votes cast for Mr. Siler "were counted for Judge Flick or not counted at all." To-day's letter by Mr. Carskadon confirms the INTELLIGENCER's refutation of that unjust charge. If the precinct returns, which are on file among the records of the clerk's office, exhibit that there was a fair and honest count of the votes, as Mr. Carskadon admits they do, the INTELLIGENCER was not so far wrong after all. The charge was made that there was a fraudulent count, and that Mr. Flick profited by it. The fact is that there was nothing of the kind.

THE Prohibitionists hold their National nominating convention at Indianapolis this week. The most probable nominees are General Clinton B. Fisk, of New York, for President, and General Green Clay Smith, of Kansas, for Vice President. Boston will send thirty delegates to the convention.

The Ohio Prohibitionists have adopted as a part of their platform a woman suffrage plank, a labor plank denouncing the importation of foreign labor, and other planks favoring arbitration to avoid strikes, and still another denouncing trusts.

Of course they do not expect to elect their candidates. Their avowed object is to break up the old parties, especially the Republican party, on the theory laid down by Herbert Spencer, that "great movements proceed along the lines of least resistance."

## The Two Assemblies.

The sectional issues of the war separated two of the most powerful church organizations in the country. Some years ago the feeling between the Northern and Southern Methodist churches became more cordial, and fraternal greetings were exchanged by several conferences. Later committees were appointed to attempt a reunion of the two branches, and while friendly relations were maintained the agitation was without the results hoped for.

The Northern and Southern Presbyterian General Assemblies are now in session, the former at Philadelphia and the latter at Baltimore. On Saturday a committee of the Northern church, appointed last year, reported in favor of continuing the committee to confer with any similar committee appointed by the Southern Assembly respecting the cooperation of the two branches. The

committee also said that this cooperation in its fullest sense could only be accomplished by an organic union. It now remains to be seen what the Southern branch of the church will do in meeting this overture.

It seems strange that two such influential denominations, now that the questions on which they divided have been settled, should maintain sectional organizations. The two branches of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches worship the same God and believe in the same creed, and it is not about time the sectional asperities should be softened to admit of a renewed fellowship?

Thinking the Tariff in Caucus. The Democratic party set out to devise a tariff that should raise no more revenue than is required by "the wants of the Government economically administered." They were going to hew right down to the revenue point, on the strict and straight line of "revenue reform."

When they got to work they dealt gently with sugar and rice, for both of these commodities, though highly protected, represent Democratic votes, and Democratic votes had to be had. So it went on, until, in one way and another, a bill of most striking inconsistency with itself and with the professions of the Democratic party was prepared. Then it was held up to the admiring gaze of rock-ribbed Democrats, who declared it to be the "one thing altogether lovely."

Now that the bill has been done over in the Democratic caucus the faithful are expected to say once more that the bill is just as perfect as ever—quite as perfect as it was before the Democratic caucus pulled it seven ways for Sunday. They have knocked out the readjust duty on soft steel made at the urgent request of the steel men of Wheeling and off and put on the free list according to demand backed by threats. The only principle held in view was the principle of getting votes for the bill in some shape.

The industries of the country and every interest dependent upon them are completely at the mercy of the necessities of the Democratic party, which must pass a tariff bill of some sort or go to the wall. It will go to the wall any how if the people of the United States have any regard for their bread and butter.

A Modern Skylock. Chicago presents a curious case of trespass, which is probably without a parallel in the history of courts. Two cousins lived close neighbors, and one in building his house encroached two feet two inches upon his cousin's land. After a while they ceased to dwell together in unity and as all good neighbors should, and as a consequence the man whose land was encroached upon sued for its recovery and refused to compromise for money. He won the suit, but how was he to get possession of his property? The Sheriff refused to execute the writ, for he failed to see how he could saw off two feet of the trespasser's house without in some way being a trespasser himself. The man's house was his castle, and as he could only enter the two feet that stood on the neighbor's ground by passing through the front door he refused to run the risk of being shot.

The difficulty increased in intricacy when the Sheriff was brought before the court on a rule and commanded to execute the writ, but the court failed to inform the officer how he was to accomplish it. The Judge in his opinion said: "The defendant has the right to live in that part of his house which does not rest upon the plaintiff's land, and to live there his allotted three score years and ten, but the plaintiff certainly has the right to do what he pleases with the portion of the building on his land. He may saw off two feet and two inches, or he may cut a hole in the side of the house and enter upon so much of the premises as is built upon his land. You may hold that this would be a trespass, but I hold that it would not be, if he does not infringe on the defendant's property."

This partakes somewhat of the play of the Merchant of Venice, where the grasping Shylock gets judgment, but finds that the execution would be impossible, for no man could carve a pound of flesh off a man without drawing blood. So with the plaintiff in this case. He can batter in two feet and two inches of his neighbor's house, but if he clips off the sixteenth part of a brick that does not belong to him the defendant is at liberty to make it very interesting for him. There are other things besides vaulting ambition that o'erleaps itself.

A Correction. To the Editor of the Intelligencer. Sir—I regret that in your comments on my letter relating to the Preston county matter given in yesterday's paper, you misconstrued altogether what I did say. Where you say that "the charge that several prohibition votes were either suppressed or counted for Judge Flick, which several prohibitionists are making, is shown by Mr. Carskadon's letter to be unfounded," Mr. Carskadon finds that the record in the County Clerk's office shows that the votes cast for Mr. Siler were counted for him, but were not certified to the Governor by the County Clerk." By reference to my article you will see that I did not say or find by the County Clerk's record that the votes cast were counted for Mr. Siler. To the contrary, I said: "Yet in the return of the County Commissioners, whose sworn duty under the law was to have canvassed and placed on the record the result of the election in the county and to have certified these votes to the Governor and Legislature, not one single vote for Mr. Siler is reported." The fact is undeniable, as charged by those Prohibitionists, that these votes were not reported as the law requires, and that is an suppression of them. There is nothing in the office of the County Commissioners or on their record to show that they ever knew or heard of any vote being cast for Mr. Siler in Preston county. Yet we know these votes were plainly set out on the precinct returns from which they were properly certified to the Governor by the County Clerk and Mr. Wilson.

Respectfully,

T. R. CARSKADON.

Keyer, May 26.

Appropriately Named.

Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet perfume, combining the odors of many sweet flowers.

Sunday Excursions.

On and after Sunday, May 6, the Ohio River Railroad will sell excursion tickets at \$1.00, to and from Baltimore, and return \$1.50, to and from Parkersburg and return \$2.25. Tickets good one day only.

## FIVE-YEAR PASTORAL TERMS.

Reason for the Action by the General Methodist Conference.

Chicago Tribune.

"The extension of the pastoral term from three to five years, as provided for at the General Methodist Conference now in session in New York," said Judge Horton, one of the prominent lay members of the church yesterday, "has been frequently asked by the congregations in the larger cities, and will be beneficial to the general welfare of the church. In large city parishes the preacher and the church have suffered more or less from the three-year limitation. It has frequently happened in fact so frequently as to become almost a rule—that just about the time the pastor had placed himself in a position for his best usefulness the General Conference came around, and he was transferred to a new pastorate, and there had to begin his work anew to meet the same fate at the end of the ensuing three years. The increased term will not do away with the itinerancy in the church, which is one of its fundamental doctrines, but it will enable the pastors in all the larger cities to become thoroughly acquainted with their field of labor, to know their parishioners, and thereby put them in a better position to work for the interests of the church. Of course this does not make the term of appointment for five years, it simply places that number of years as the term for which a pastor can serve in any one pulpit. At each annual conference the appointment can be renewed until the fifth year, at the expiration of which an assignment to another charge must be made. The preacher cannot be reappointed to the old pastorate until the lapse of five years. In the country and in the smaller towns it is understood that the old rule of three years' appointment will generally prevail. The Methodist preachers in the larger cities see every day pastors of other denominations who have been settled for ten, fifteen, or twenty years. Their long acquaintance with the people gives them an opportunity for church work which is not afforded by the short term. Many of the preachers have advocated terms of eight or ten years, and some were in favor of doing away with the limitation entirely. The five-year term is a compromise between those who feared an extinction of the itinerancy and those who favored the unlimited plan."

Said John W. Waugh, another very prominent layman: "The increased term is the result of a frequently expressed desire on the part of the churches in the larger cities to have longer pastorate. The new rule will be productive of much good in the extension of church work, and will afford those preachers who have found congenial fields of labor to cultivate them to better advantage. In my judgment it will make no difference with the pastors in the smaller towns and in the country."

Excursion to Pittsburgh. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell excursion tickets next Sunday, May 20, and continue to sell them during the entire summer, to Pittsburgh, at the rate of \$1.50 the round trip, tickets good for Sunday only. Will also sell excursion tickets to Washington, Pa., at the rate of \$1. Trains leave Wheeling at 5 and 8:10 a. m.

DICKENS', Thackeray's, Scott's and Eliot's Novels in our 35 cent section; 45 cents by mail.

STANTON &amp; DAVENPORT.

DIED.

McCord—On Sunday, May 27, 1888, at 2:15 p. m., Mr. JAMES MCCORD, aged 74 years.

Funeral services at his late residence this (Tuesday) afternoon at 5 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Interment at Peninsula Cemetery.

S. JACOBS OIL.

TRADE MARK.

GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost-bites, etc.

Solely Distributed in Baltimore, Md., by The Charles A. Vogel &amp; Co., Baltimore, Md.

Wanted.

WANTED—MEN to sell our Goods in Ohio and adjoining counties. Will pay \$1.00 per dozen for each article sold, and state salary wanted. SLOAN &amp; CO., Manufacturers, 25 George street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

MORE MEN WANTED—TO SELL

our Fruit and Ornamental Stock. We give good wages and steady work. Write for terms to E. H. Richardson &amp; Co., Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y.

WANTED—A TRAVELING SALESMAN, conversant with the Dry Goods and Notion Business. One acquainted with the Virginia trade preferred. State territory traveled before. Reference wanted. Address K. C. H., this office.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS—On and after May 15, 1888—Express and Passenger Trains only. Daily, except Sunday and Monday. Monday excepted. Saturday excepted. (Monday only—Eastern Standard Time.)

B. &amp; O. R. R.—East.

Philadelphia Limited. Depart. Arrive.

11:20 a. m. 11:20 a. m. 11:20 a. m.

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## New Advertisements.

CARD OF THANKS!

The family of David Wark, deceased, desire to return thanks to their friends and members of the G. A. R., and Franklin Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., for the kindness shown them during his late illness.

MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

A meeting of the D. F. Walking Club will be held at their rooms, Tuesday evening, May 29, preparatory to their 21st annual tour. Come one, come all. By order of the

PRESIDENT.

PURE Drinking Water.

Can only be had by the use of a good Filter. The Gate City Stone Filter is a success.

EWING BROS.,

1215 Market St., opp. McLure House.

WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZERS!

Constructed on scientific principles will make better cream in less time—less ice and less labor than any other Freezer made. Every family should have one. Call and see them at

NICHOLS &amp; SONS, 1212 Market Street.

ARTISTS' Materials!

Supplies for Oil Color, Water Color and China Painting. Brushes, Canvas, Easels, etc., etc. Winsor and Newton's Colors. Studies in great variety.

NICHOLS &amp; SONS, 1212 Market Street.

YOUR BATTER

And Hiscutt will always be light with

List's Excelsior Baking Powder.

See the subscriber's name in every box. All others are counterfeit.

H. H. LIST, Proprietor, 1010 Main Street.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET

For Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Ironton, Huntington, Portsmouth, Mayville, Cincinnati and Louisville. The elegant passenger steamer

—ANDES—

Chas. Muhlenberg, Com'r, Mart F. Neill, Clerk, will leave for above points on Tuesday, May 29, at 3 o'clock P. M. Passengers and freight re-cepted through to all points West and South. For freight or passage, apply on board or to

FRANK BOOTH, Agent.

FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE

Finest Residences in the City,

Centrally located; all modern conveniences; house in first-class order.

For terms, etc., enquire of

R. M. GILLMAN &amp; SONS, 830 E. 10th Street.

PROFESSOR EXCAVATOR.

R. M. Gillman is still proprietor of the Old-World Excavator, which proved last year that it was the only proper method of removing the water from the foundations of buildings.

In my judgment it will make no difference with the pastors in the smaller towns and in the country."

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